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1. <b>Distance</b>	The distance between two points is the length of the line segment that connects them. $d = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$
2. <b>Index</b>	In nth roots, the value of n in the symbol $\sqrt[n]{\phantom{x}}$ indicates to what root the value under the radicand is being taken.
3. <b>Midpoint</b>	Only found in line segment; divides line segment into 2 equal pieces.
4. <b>Pythagorean Theorem</b>	If you know the lengths of two sides of a right triangle, you can determine the length of the third side using the formula $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ , where a and b represent the legs and c is the hypotenuse.
5. <b>Radical Equation</b>	An equation that has a variable in a radicand or has a variable with a rational exponent.
6. <b>Radical Expression</b>	Expression containing a radical.
7. <b>Radicand</b>	The expression under a radical sign.
8. <b>Rationalize the Denominator</b>	Steps taken that involves transforming a quotient to remove a radical in the denominator.
9. <b>Square Root Function</b>	A square root function is a function that can be written in the form $f(x) = a\sqrt{x-h} + k$ where $a \neq 0$ . The domain of a square root function is all real numbers $x \geq h$ .

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